

THE BOSTON MORNING POST.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 8, 1835.

The Atlas—Abolitionists, &c.—The miserable manner in which the Atlas endeavours to escape from the disgrace of uttering the falsehood contained in its columns on Wednesday can only tend to sink it yet lower in the estimation of honorable and sensible people. It pretends that it was not until it saw the article in the Globe upon which it commented on Wednesday, that it thought it necessary to attempt to connect the Abolition, with the Presidential question—this is untrue—for the day before it had seen the article in the Globe, a paragraph appeared in its columns upon the subject of foreign influence, wherein an attempt is made, in speaking of Messrs Thompson and Grund, to connect the two questions.

The Atlas of yesterday asks—"Will the Post have the effrontery after this, to deny our assertion that Mr Van Buren is the favorite candidate of the abolitionists?" Yes, the Post has the effrontery to deny it, and to assert that, if the Abolitionists have a favorite candidate for the Presidency, it is the N. E. Whig Candidate, and as evidence of this, among other facts, we republish the following account of a public meeting which appeared in the Boston Gazette, and other Whig papers, just before the election in November last:—

MEETING OF COLORED PEOPLE.

At a meeting of the Colored Voters of this City at the School Room in Belknap street, on Friday evening, Nov. 7th, Thomas Dalton was called to the Chair, and John T. Hilton was appointed Secretary.

The following Resolutions offered by Mr John T. Hilton were unanimously adopted. Resolved, That in the opinion of this meeting the talents and integrity of the Hon. JOHN DAVIS, taken with his eminent services to his State and Country, will fully justify all honorable efforts on our part to secure his re-election to the office of Governor, for the approaching political year.

Resolved, That the principles of his Honor, the Lieut. Governor, SAMUEL T. ARMSTRONG, as a Christian, Philanthropist, and sound Politician, likewise commend him to our hearty and united support in re-electing him to his present station as Lieut. Governor.

Resolved, That ABBOTT LAWRENCE, Esq. the Whig Candidate for Representative to Congress, is not behind the chief of the apostles in the qualities of the heart and head; and inasmuch as he has publicly signified his abhorrence of Slavery, and his intentions of frowning against its continuance, we will not withhold from him our suffrages at the Polls on Monday next.

Resolved, That it is high time we should awake out of sleep, and not abuse but appreciate and use our rights and privileges in common with the rest of our fellow-citizens.

Resolved, That the present period resembles the tree which bore fruit of both good and evil—let us be careful therefore in plucking, that we take not the evil fruit.

THOMAS DALTON, Chairman.

JOHN T. HILTON, Secretary.

An Opposition Letter to the counter.—The new Postmaster General has been most vilely abused by the opposition on account of his alleged conduct in relation to the appointment of a Postmaster at Old Point Comfort. It was said that he advertised for a meeting of citizens to recommend a candidate, and subsequently disregarded entirely the proceedings of that meeting, and appointed a man to the office who did not receive the vote of one of its members. So far from this being true, the Globe states that no such meeting was held at Old Point, that no appointment of Postmaster has been made there by the present Postmaster General, and that no such men as those named live in the place! Nor did the Postmaster General ever write any letter upon the subject! When a post office is vacant, or is about to become so, and the Department has no satisfactory recommendation of a successor, it is, and long has been the custom, to call for a popular recommendation, and this was done by the Senior Assistant Postmaster General at Old Point as a mere matter of current business; but nothing has been done. In the mean time, the Post Office at Pattonsburg, Va., some twenty miles above the Blue Ridge, became vacant, and a public meeting recommended Mr Wilson as a cover for giving the use and profits of the office to the daughters of the deceased Postmaster, a Mr Hix being also a candidate. The Postmaster General does not give these appointments to ladies, directly or indirectly, and he appointed Mr Crews, who had before been powerfully recommended to the Department. Was there ever a political party so perfectly destitute of honor and honesty as the present Bank party? We believe not.

The Wandering Piper has issued an address to the public in relation to his journey, the sums he has given for charitable purposes, &c. &c. He states that he brought funds to this country to meet all demands during his sojourn—that he has no opponent travelling in France or any where else—that he is to perform again in almost every city and town in New England, New York, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia and Virginia, and that his American tour will terminate at Richmond during the summer of 1836, when an explanation of the whole affair will be given to the public. He has given to charitable purposes in the U. States, about \$2500—and his personal expenses during that time for printing, &c. have been rising of \$4200. He distributed in England, Ireland, and Scotland, and the British Provinces in North America, \$10,000, and his personal expenses during that period were \$1400. While he was in Ireland, during one year travelling and eighteen months sickness, his expenses were not more than \$25. His American receipt books and every scrap of writing connected with them will, he says, be shown in all the large cities and towns in Great Britain, and it shall be no fault of his if they are in any way found deficient.

Two thousand three hundred and ninety one tons of coal arrived at three port yesterday, from Philadelphia

"We learn that ANDREW DUNLAP, Esq., late U. States Attorney for the District of Massachusetts, died on Monday 27th inst., at Salem. We have also been informed, from a source deserving of some credit, that on his death-bed, Mr Dunlap regretted his having advocated the cause of Abner Kneeland, at the time of his prosecution for blasphemy in the winter of 1833."—Christian Watchman.

We know not the source of the Watchman's intelligence, but we do know that there is no truth in the statement that Mr Dunlap regretted having advocated the cause of Mr Kneeland. The story is one of those pious fictions to which sectarian zealots often resort, when they think the truth will not serve them; but falsehood is a poor prop for any good cause—and the poorest possible for religion. Justice to the cherished memory of a departed and valued friend requires that this imputation upon his character be wiped away.

Mr Dunlap defended Mr Kneeland's rights, not his tenets. He expressly and repeatedly during the trial avowed his belief to be different, entirely, from that of Mr. K. Mr Dunlap undertook this defence after adequate deliberation, and a just apprehension of all its bearings upon the public rights and upon his own standing with the public. He was fully aware that malevolent sectarians, regardless of that christian charity which dwells so much upon their tongues, would endeavour to brand him with odium. That failing to meet and rebut his constitutional argument, they would raise against him the cry of infidelity. This did not deter him from the performance of what he thought a duty. He felt as a professional man, that he had no right to refuse to defend Mr Kneeland. He felt more—as a citizen, that this indictment was an invasion upon the Constitutional rights of the defendant, and of every individual in this commonwealth. In his view, it involved a great question of Constitutional law—of religious freedom and of the freedom of the press.

The Constitution says that no one shall be hurt for his religious sentiments or profession if he demean himself peaceably. It also says the freedom of the press ought not to be restrained in this Commonwealth.—These great Constitutional shields were attempted to be broken down, and trampled in the dust by the fire and faggot sectarians who prosecuted Mr. Kneeland. Mr. Dunlap stepped forth, not to defend Mr. Kneeland's principles, but his rights, and in doing it he defended the right of every man. He defended the principles of religious toleration and the liberty of the press. And how he performed this service let his speech answer—let those who doubt read it—a speech rich in historic lore—filled with unanswerable and unanswerable reasoning, beautified by classical allusions and swelling with fervid eloquence—a work that will be looked to in after time, as a splendid specimen of enlarged and liberal views—of legal acumen—of real benevolence—of rare and glowing eloquence. A work of which he himself was proud, and of which every liberal minded man of every country may also justly feel proud. So far from meriting the public censure of the press for this effort, he deserves the public gratitude, and if the present generation do not, a more liberal age will yet award it to him.

AN OLD FRIEND.

Extract from the speech of GEORGE BANCROFT Esq., at the Canal Celebration at Northampton on the 29th ultimo:—

"One word then for New England: our cherished birth place, our happy home. One word for New England! whose cold but genial climate gives such vigor to her sons, that they plan new schemes of usefulness, while they are standing on the verge of four score.

It is not fit this occasion should pass without the expression of affection for our common country, for this happy union. Blessed beyond example in the annals of the world, our country advances to prosperity as on the wings of the eagle. The genius of our institutions is pacific; nations that despised our weakness, respect us in our strength. Rendering justice to all, every nation of the globe desires to be our friend, and our continued peace almost promises to realize the vision of philanthropists, and to become perpetual. No national debt exhausts our resources by the necessity of excessive taxation; no luxurious court consumes the surplus products of thrifty labor, in supporting its ostentation or its vices. It is nature alone, that claims from us a tribute; it is nature, that demands of us to expend the results of our industry in improving and beautifying her works, in turning her prolific fertility to the purposes of human happiness; in subjecting her wild and undisciplined powers to the active hand of culture.

Peace has its victories: it conquers nature; it runs a race with time; it invades the wilderness; it takes possession of the desert; it fills the lonely places with cities; it spreads its iron pathways, till they begin to cross the prairie and enter the remote wilderness; it guides the babbling mountain streams, into more sluggish but more useful channels; it binds together the remotest parts of our union in a commerce as productive as it is free."

The meeting called last evening at the Old Common Council Room, by the Democratic County Committee, assembled at the hour designated, when they found the room occupied by individuals who do not belong to the party; the moment the hour arrived, contrary to usage and propriety, an individual usurped the duties of the Chairman of the County Committee, called the meeting to order, when they finished the business as best suited themselves. The friends of Van Buren and Morton, finding themselves thus unceremoniously deprived of their room, and excluded from all participation, were requested to adjourn to the U. S. District Court Room, where a large number soon assembled, and after organizing, by the election of J. L. Barbér as Chairman and F. Dow as Secretary, adjourned to meet at the same place on Tuesday evening next, at 8 o'clock.

The editor of the New York Post has received a letter from Mr Forrest, written in Florence, in which the distinguished sculptor GREENOUGH is spoken of in terms of warm admiration.

"He favoured me," says Mr Forrest, "with a sight of his yet unfinished model for the statue of Washington, which was ordered by Government, and is to be placed in the rotunda of the Capitol. He has represented the Father of his Country in a sitting posture, his left hand grasping the sword intrusted to him by the people for the achievement of their liberties, and his right pointing upward, as if to express reliance on the God of battles and the justice of his cause.

We understand that the amount of revenue that accrued in Boston from Imposts, during the last month, was \$105,000 more than the corresponding month of the last year.

Richard Leamy, of Albany, complains that his wife has run away from him, and what is worse than that, taken all his money. He says she is a "good looking, small, and very straight limbed" woman—if we hear of any body who knows of an astray, answering this description, we will let Mr Leamy know it.

"The Board of Health for the town of Newport," have issued nearly a column of quarantine regulations in anticipation of the cholera, most of them of the most ridiculous character.

Mr Hewes, of Tea Party memory, passed through Providence on Thursday, on his way to New York.

The Ohio Monitor recommends Mr Woodbury for the vacant Chief Justiceship.

From Laguna.—We have been favored with an extract of a letter from Laguna, dated the 10th of July, (received via St Thomas) which states that a change of government had been effected by the opposition—a military movement—and that the President and Vice President, J. M. Vargas and Dr Navarre had been put on board the Aurora, for St Thomas, and sent out of the country. Every thing was done in a quiet manner, but it was difficult to foresee the consequences that would result from this measure. The people expressed great confidence in General Paez, and all would depend upon the course he should adopt. All business was at a stand. The writer recommends his correspondent, in a postscript, not to place any confidence in the idle stories which would be circulated relative to this affair.—N. Y. Gaz.

From Para.—By the arrival at Salem on Thursday, of the Baltimore, Capt Richards, from Para, the Salem Gazette has received information that the expedition, so long expected from Rio Janeiro, arrived at Para, 22d June, with a new President for that province, and he having corresponded with Vinagre immediately on his arrival, the latter finally consented to give up the Presidency. On the 26th he was installed, with the usual ceremonies, and on the day following, Vinagre delivered up the fortified points, making his soldiers at the same time lay down their arms.

Massacre in Cuba.—The N. Y. Mercantile states that a letter from Matanzas of the 21st ult. furnishes information that an insurrection of the negroes had taken place on a small plantation, who murdered all the whites, and proceeded to a neighboring village, where, after committing further depredations and killing some of the inhabitants, they were finally overcome and made prisoners. On the arrival of this news at Matanzas, an armed force was immediately despatched to take charge of the prisoner, and to suppress any further attempt at insurrection.

North Carolina Election.—We extract the following from the Tarboro (N. C.) Press of the 1st inst:—

"The Election.—On Thursday last, the election was held in this county—we learn, unofficially, but we believe correctly, that for Congress Dr Hall, (Administration,) received 1,319 votes, and Mr Pettigrew, (opposition) 75—majority for Dr Hall, 1,244. General Assembly—Benj. Sharpe, Senate; Lemuel Beberry and Joseph John Pippin, Commons. In Pitt, we understand, Dr Hall's majority is 64—two districts to be heard from."

This is a good beginning.—Globe.

A volume, written and compiled by two of the crew of Captain Ross's late Arctic expedition, has appeared in London; it brings charges of an unparalleled nature against the captain, and gives all the credit to Commander Rens; the captain is declared to have monopolized all the trade with the Esquimaux, selling them the presents sent by government, and retaining the proceeds for his own use, &c. They state that the Esquimaux make sledges of salmon sewed in skins, having cross pieces of deer's bones, and in time of scarcity eat their sledges! It is stated in Ross's Narrative that one sledge was seen melting.

Capt. Bassiere.—Speaking of Captain B., and the young ladies implicated with him, the Baltimore Patriot says:—

"It is stated that all the parties deny that an improper intercourse has ever taken place between Captain B. and the person in question, and that he is taking measures to prove that he was greatly indisposed on the day alluded to, and his family being absent in the country, and he being acquainted with the widow and her family she sent her daughter and the ward of Mr Baylies, over to his house to nurse and take care of him, being unable from sickness to attend herself.

Curiosity.—We were shown yesterday, at Mr Lowell's, Exchange Street, a pair of pistols, which are said to have formerly belonged to Louis XVI. of France. Whether this be the fact or not, they are curious for their antiquity and workmanship. They are richly mounted and inlaid with silver. The locks bear the imprint—LARGETEAU 1731 A BORDEAUX.—The barrels are also marked with the name and place.

Shocking Disaster.—The Cincinnati Gazette mentions that the steam boat Rob Roy, on her way up from New Orleans, on the 19th ult. about 15 miles from New Madrid, struck a snag which caused her to twist in such a manner as to break one of her branch pipes and scalded ten or twelve persons of whom four had died, and two more not expected to recover; at the same time a number of persons leaped overboard, of whom three were drowned.

Fire.—A building attached to the furnace establishment, situated at the north part of our city, and owned by Messrs Stanford, Newel & Co, was principally consumed, with its contents, at about 2 o'clock yesterday morning. Loss probably about \$1000. The more valuable property in the immediate vicinity was preserved from destruction, though several times on fire, by the prompt assistance of neighboring citizens and the fire department. The fire is supposed to have originated from the drying oven.—Providence Pat.

Indiana.—A letter from this state says:—"Van Buren and Johnson are certain to receive the electoral vote of this state. The whigs are in a cruel quandary." They are afraid to go for Webster, and they do not like White. The party is without a head—I am not so certain about the tail."

The cholera has made its appearance in Shelbyville, Tennessee, one death having occurred. At Beach Grove, in the same State, thirty cases occurred, out of which seven had died. The disease also broke out in Russellville, Kentucky, on the 13th July. Major John R. Forbush and four blacks had fallen victims to it.

Flying Machine.—Mr Abraham Mason, of Pittsburg, has invented a steam flying machine, with which he proposes navigating the air—he proposes to build one as soon as one thousand dollars are raised, and try the experiment.

Canal Steam Boat.—A small steam boat, constructed by Mr Barden's plan, has recently been built at the nail factory near Troy. She is intended for the Erie Canal, and will soon be ready to run. It is expected that her speed will be from 8 to 10 miles an hour.

On last Saturday, a young man named J. Macnamara, was killed by falling into a cellar of a building, now erecting on the corner of St. Clair and liberty streets, Pittsburg, Penn.

More "available" in the field.—The Princeton, (N. J.) Whig has nominated Henry Clay for President, and Samuel L. Southard for Vice President.

A new species of practice.—The North River Times, published at Haverstraw, tells of a young upstart of a doctor who has recently "settled" in that village, who was a few days since called to visit a lady who had taken cold in a thumb, from which she had extracted a thorn, which had become inflamed. Young Lolus immediately administered fifty grains of calomel, and after watching the thumb with great anxiety for an hour, he poked down a thumbing dose of jalap and went his way. In the course of the day he again called, and had the satisfaction to find his patient enjoying a happy state of purgation, but still no alteration in the thumb; whereupon he sent home another round dose of calomel, and left her for the night. The lady, burning with an inward fever, and unconscious of the nature of the drug she had taken, drank plentifully of cold water. Salivation ensued; and though she saved her thumb, she lost her teeth, and what is worse, her health is sacrificed forever. The husband commenced a suit for damages, but the doctor proved, that in all cases of this kind, the practice in question would be according to Grunter, or in other words was scientific; so that, in addition to the loss of his wife's teeth and health, the plaintiff lost his suit and had to pay his own costs!—N. Y. Sun.

Anecdote of a Delaware Pilot, Dicky West.—"On one occasion, he had been put on board a vessel bound up, inside the Capes, a little before dark. After taking the command, ordering the sails to be trimmed to catch what they might of a light breeze, and fortifying himself with a stiff rummer of brandy, (being pretty well primed) he stretched himself on the starboard hen-coop, and fell fast asleep. The second mate, whose watch it was on deck, missing our friend's cheerful chat, and anxious to hear more of the news, after a long absence, determined to rouse him. Lighting a brimstone match, he placed it under the sleeper's nose and let him have a good snuff. Dicky was on his feet in a moment, and sang out to the man at the wheel—'Hard up—I smell it—B—L.'"

We have been favored by Messrs Topliff, with a file of Cadiz papers to the 18th June, and Madrid to June, the 9th. The news which they contain relative to the affairs of Spain has been anticipated by arrivals from Havre.—Merc.

A shark about twelve feet in length was captured in our harbor on Tuesday last, by Mr Joseph Proctor.—Mr P. while fishing, observed the fish entangled in his net, and after wounding him in several places towed him on shore.—Gloucester Dem.

The directors of the Lexington and Ohio Railroad have declared a dividend of four and three quarters per cent for the last six months. The road is completed from Lexington to within one mile of Frankfort.

A detachment of sixty United States dragoons passed through Wheeling from Pittsburg on the 28th July, bound to Fort Leavenworth. Sixty more were expected to pass the next day.

Complimentary.—Governor McDuffie, at a public Dinner in South Carolina, at which he was an invited guest, made a speech in which he declared that John Quincy Adams "wanted common sense."

Governor Cass, the Secretary of War, has arrived in this city, and is, we are sorry to hear, quite indisposed.—N. Y. Star.

There has been a second insurrection at Havana, which was put down by the soldiers with the same promptitude as the first.

We learn that on the night of Wednesday an attempt was made to rob the Branch Bank of the United States at Pittsburg, Pa.

Gov Hamilton and Family, of South Carolina, are at Saratoga.

"I thought you were going to come late to night," said Thady to Ned, at the club-room. "No," replied Ned, "I had got here first at last." "I am glad of that," says he, "for you were always behind before."

Advertisement for a Patent Spark Catcher.—is advertised in the Philadelphia U. S. Gazette.

Epigram on the Chinese Lady. Dear Miss Along Moy—if you have joy Because your feet are small; How happy she must surely be Who has no feet at all.

PRICES OF STOCKS. CORRECTED WEEKLY FOR THE MORNING POST, BY H. DAWES, Broker, Office, No 5 Exchange st, up stairs, August 7, 1835.

BANKS IN BOSTON.	Per Cent.	Official.	Askd.	LAST DIVIDEND.
United States	100	110	111	July 31st per cent
American	100	104	106	April 30
Atlantic	100	106	107	" 30
Boston	100	108	109	" 4 for 9 mos
City	100	108	109	" 30
Columbian	100	107	108	" 30
Commercial	100	104	106	" 30
Commonwealth	100	109	110	" 30
Franklin (South Boston)	100	107	108	" 30
Fulton	100	101	102	" 30
Globe	100	109	111	" 30
Granite	100	101	103	" 0
Hancock	100	107	108	" 30
Hope	100	109	110	" 30
Market	100	105	106	" 30
Massachusetts	250	260	262	" 24
Merchants	100	110	112	" 30
New England	100	109	111	" 30
North	100	105	107	" 30
Orleans	100	105	107	" 30
State	100	101	102	" 24
South	60	64	64	" 24
Suffolk	100	119	120	" 4
Tremont	100	109	110	" 30
Traders	100	105	107	" 30
Union	100	105	106	" 24
Washington	100	104	105	" 30

INSURANCE COMPANIES.	Per Cent.	Official.	Askd.	Dividends payable in
American	100	130	132	January & July
Atlas	100	104	105	" "
Atlantic	100	104	106	" "
Boston Marine	60	72	75	June & Dec
Boston	100	126	128	March & Sept
Boylston	100	104	106	April & Oct
Columbian	100	114	116	June & Dec
Commonwealth	100	101	103	April & October
Commercial	100	98	100	" "
Firemen's	25	25	26	January & July
Franklin	100	107	109	" "
Hope	60	67	68	" "
Globe	100	107	109	April & October
Merchants	100	147	150	" "
Mercantile Marine	100	102	104	May & November
Manufacturers	100	140	141	April & October
Massachusetts Fire & Marine	37 1/2	41	42	March & Sept
New England Marine	100	102	104	June & Dec
North	100	100	102	January & July
National	50	54	55	April & October
Ocean	100	114	116	January & July
Protection	100	98	102	April & Oct
Suffolk	35 1/2	34	35	" "
Tremont	100	100	102	May & Nov
United States	50	50	51	January & July
Washington	100	105	107	April & Oct
Fishing Insurance	50	50	51	" "
Warren	100			New

FRANKLIN TYPOGRAPHICAL SOCIETY. An adjourned meeting of the F. T. S. will be held, THIS EVENING.

MARRIED. In West Barnstable, on Tuesday evening last, by the Rev Mr Steele, Henry Smith, of Boston, to Miss Abigail Parker, of Barnstable. In Portsmouth, N. H., on Tuesday evening last, Avery Plummer Jr, of the house of Robinson & Plummer, of this city, to Miss Elizabeth Hodgdon, of Barnstable, N. H.

DIED. In this city, Aug 1st, Miss Hannah Childs, 20. In Dover, Massachusetts, on the 31st of July, Capt. Silas Bacon, 77. In Warwick, Tryphens W, wife of Rev Preserved Smith, aged 34. In Provincetown, Capt. Jonathan Cook, 82.

BRIGGS'S FOREIGN LETTER OFFICE.

Mechanics' News Room, Wilson's Lane, Boston. Letters for the Indian, Pacific, S. Atlantic Oceans, Cape de Verdes, Western Islands and Cape Good Hope, will be forwarded by the first opportunity from New Bedford, Nantucket, Falmouth or Edgarton. N. B.—Letters received and forwarded to all foreign ports by the earliest conveyance, either from this port, Salem, Portsmouth, New Bedford or New York. 1st—33

IMPORTATIONS.

CADIZ.—Ship C. Andrews—2643 lbs salt. GOTTEBURG.—Brig Sterling—7470 bars (215 tons) iron. MESSINA & GIBRALTAR.—Brig Wave—1146 bxs lemons—674 do oranges—2 bxs almonds—1 case knives. S. A. M.—Brig Cadet—294 blads, 27 tierces, 9 bls molasses—5 bls copra—29 bxs do—1 bag coffee—1 bl oil copper.

SHIP-NEWS--BOSTON, 1835.

FRIDAY, Aug 7. ARRIVED.

Ship Charless Andrews, Thompson, Cadiz, June 22. Sailed N. B. with ship Crescent, Rogers, Portsmouth. Left the Canova, for N. York, 5 or 6 Lexington, Philadelphia, 26th. Nancy, Montevideo, 2 ds; Ann Mary Ann, Clark, 6th. Left, at 19th. Spoke, 31st ult, lat 41 30, lon 63 40, ship Mattakeset, Drew, Liverpool for N York. Brig Sterling, Treat, Gottenburg 26th June. Spoke, 26th June, off the Cape, ship Harriet, Jordan, 56 days from St. Jago, for Gottenburg; 26th ult, lat 44, lon 48. British bark Sherbrooke, New Orleans, 26, for Liverpool; 26th, lat 42 30, lon 52, ship Inez, hence for Constantin; 31st, lat 42 40, lon 62 34, Br brig James Hay, 7 days from St. Johns, N.B. for Liverpool; 1st instant, lat 42 20, lon 65 20, ship Maryland, 33 days from Havre, for Alexandria; 3d, sec June, 11 ds fm G. Bank for Duxbury. Brig Wave, Snow, Messina 25th April, and Gibraltar, 10th June. Spoke, 25th ultimo, lat 43 17, lon 54 20, brig Junius, Cowen, from Newport, W. for New York; 1st instant, lat 42 20, lon 64 40, bark Cambridge, Dence, hence; 3d, lat 42 5, lon 67 40, scd. Bianca, from the Banks for Provincetown, full cargo fish. Brig Cadet, Babson, Surinam, 15th ult. Left brig Roque, Parsons, for Gloucester, 15th; Falco, Harlow, Boston, do; Cambria, Rowe, do. Idg. Spoke, 30th, lat 42, lon 67, sch. Pres. Brig Cordelia, Luce, Halifax, 31st ult. Spoke, on Thursday, Cape Cod N.W.N. 30 miles, brig Architect, Gray, 14 days from Havana, for Portland, part of the crew sick with fever. Brig Dante, Fish, New York. Brig Apollo, Bate, Calais. Brig North America, Nichols, Kingston, N.Y. Brig O. Chamberlain, Duncan, Philadelphia. Brig Helen, Otis, Philadelphia. Brig Atlas, Norton, Philadelphia. Brig Lexington, Perry, Atlantic. Brig Atlantic, Crocker, Philadelphia. Brig Fairplay, Austin, Philadelphia. Brig D. Kilby, Anthony, Philadelphia. Br Sch Fox, Ruthven, Windsor, N.S.—plaster. Sch William, Gibbs, New Bedford. Sch Caspian, Allen, Philadelphia. Sch Enterprise, Hamlin, Nantucket. Sch Jack, Rogers, Richmond. Sch Susan, Baker, Philadelphia. Sch Eveline, Rogers, Philadelphia. Sch Wave, Nichols, Boston. Sch Annan, Paine, Philadelphia. Sch Alabama, Howe, Philadelphia. Sch Mokena, Blackwell, Philadelphia. Sch Smith, Howe, Dennis. Sch Comet, Robinson, Boston. Sch Emma & Eliza, Nye, Philadelphia. Sloop Harriet, Holmes, Plymouth. SPOKEN.

Ship Sumatra, Roundy, Saitum; brig Eliza Ann, Vincent, Marseilles; Patapasco, Small, Baltimore; schs Queen Adelaide, Martell, Sydney; Olympus, Baker, Nantucket; sloop Boston Packet, Gannison, Portsmouth.

At Liverpool, July 2, John Baring, from New York. Adv. Albany, for Boston, 15th. At Havana, 24th ult, George Gabot, and Moscow, for Boston, soon. At S. S. 11th ult, U. S. sloop of war Vandalia, from Pensacola, 11.

July 25, lat 41 30, lon 56 13, Inez, Jacques, 10 days hence for Constantin. Spoken, 22d ult, lat 41 23, lon 51 30, ship Gratia, fm N. Ori for Havre.

SALEM, Aug 6—Arrived, Baltimore, Richards, Para, 25—Sailed, Reapier. Boston, 8th—Arrived, Clio, Waterhouse, Surinam, 27; 5th, Paulina, and Hyperion, Boston.

BATH, Aug 3—Arrived, Deborah, Yankee Post Boy, Jane, Rhine, Orient, Olive Branch, and Nance, Boston.

